

1/2022

Roll No.....

SCHOOL OF UNANI MEDICAL EDUCATION AND RESEARCH

BUMS 2nd YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2022

PAPER NO: BUM-204 (B)

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Time :03 hours

Maximum marks: 75

Attempt all the questions

SECTION -A

Q1-Attempt all questions

A) 1 to 2 mm haemorrhages in skin are known as

- a) Micro bleed
- b) Petechiae
- c) Purpura
- d) None of above

B)-Atheromatous changes of blood vessels affects early in

- a) Kidney
- b) Heart
- c) Liver
- d) Spleen

C)- In 7 day old MI the most sensitive biochemical marker

- a) Troponin
- b) CPK-MB
- c) LDH
- d) Myoglobin

D)-Bad Bathroom habits can lead to

- a) Hepatitis B
- b) Hepatitis C
- c) Hepatitis A
- d) None of the above

E)-Alpha 1-protease inhibitor is responsible for

- a)- Bronchitis
- b) URTI
- c) Pneumonia
- d) Emphysema

F)- Suppurative pleuritis is also known as

- a) Emphysema thoracic
- b) Suppuration of Lung
- c) Abscess of lung
- d) None of the above

G)- Medial calcification is seen in

- a) Atherosclerosis
- b) Arteriosclerosis
- c) Monckebergs sclerosis
- d) Dissecting aneurysm

H)- The most common cause of upper gastrointestinal haemorrhage is

- a) Oesophageal varices
- b) Gastric carcinoma
- c) Peptic ulcer
- d) Gastritis

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I)- Which of the following is not a feature of nephrotic syndrome

- a) Marked proteinuria
- b) Hypoalbuminemia
- c) Edema
- d) Hypertension

J)- The pathogenesis of hyperglycemia in type 2 diabetes includes all the following mechanism except for

- a) Increased glucose production by the liver
- b) Impaired insulin secretion
- c) Decreased glucose uptake from the skeletal muscle
- d) All of the above are correct

Q No.2 Attempt all questions (Marks:5x2=10)

- (a) Emphysema کی تعریف اور اسباب بیان کیجیے۔
- (b) التهاب مٹا نہ کے اسباب تحریر کریں۔
- (c) یرقان کی اقسام تحریر کریں۔
- (d) Cerebral haemorrhage کے اسباب تحریر کریں۔
- (e) ذیابیطس شکاری کے اسباب تحریر کریں۔

SECTION- B

Attempt all questions (Marks: 5x5=25)

Q.No.3 - Define (hyper tension) فشار دم and write down its complication.

Q.No.4-Define التهاب شعب مزمن (chronic bronchitis) and enumerate its etiology.

Q.No.5-write down causes of (Pancreatitis) التهاب بانقراس and its complications.

Q.No.6-Write difference between gastric and duodenal ulcers.

Q.No.7-Define cholecystitis and also write its etiopathogenesis.

SECTION-C

Attempt all questions (Marks: 3x10=30)

Q.No.8-Write down etiology, pathogenesis and complication of Bronchial Asthma.

Q.No. 9-Write down the classification of Hepatitis and explain in detail Hepatitis B.

Q.No.10-Write down the types of حصاء کلیہ (renal stones) and its etiopathogenesis .
